

Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1867.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

CLARKFIELD, PA., Dec. 5, 1867.
A meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee will be held at the Democratic Club Rooms, Harrisburg, on Tuesday, the 7th of January, 1868, at 7 o'clock, P. M. A full attendance is specially desired.

WM. A. WALLACE, Chairman.

CONGRESS.

In the House, yesterday week, Mr. Ross, of Illinois, offered a resolution relating that the military expenses of the government exceeded the whole expense of the government in earlier and better times, and directing the military committee to inquire into the expediency of reducing the military expenses of the government.

This was agreed to, but the vote whereby it passed was subsequently laid on the table.

Mr. Baker, of Illinois, finally offered a resolution declaring that it was, on all accounts, expedient that the military establishment should be as small as is compatible with the needs of the country, and directing the military committee to inquire into the expediency of reducing the military expenses of the government.

On motion of Mr. Washburne, of Indiana, the committee on military affairs was directed to inquire into the expediency of extending the bounty act of 1866 to widows of soldiers who have died since its passage.

On motion of Mr. Ingalls, of Illinois, the committee of ways and means was directed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill to provide for the total destruction of all high waters, by which any which may be secured for fraud upon the internal revenue.

On motion of the same gentleman, the ways and means committee was also directed to inquire into the expediency of exempting from taxation all incomes not exceeding \$2,000 per annum.

Both Houses have voted to take a holiday recess from this day until the 6th of January.

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.—A quiet but interesting contest is already going on in Washington among the respective friends of Chase and Grant for the Chicago nomination. There have been several informal meetings of the supporters of Chase, and judging from their conversation, they are determined to make a hard fight, both in and out of Congress, to secure the nomination.

Grant's friends, like nearly everybody else, being totally in the dark concerning his real political sentiments, are almost as reticent as the General himself. Mr. Chase now professes to favor the administration of the Southern States, as soon as they become thoroughly Africanized, while the friends of General Grant are rather cautious in expressing any opinion at present, evidently preparing to wait a while, lest the violent brethren of the South should be little trifling and sell them out, if admitted before the Presidential nomination shall have been made.

PENNSYLVANIA AND MARYLAND.—Mr. Getz, member of Congress from Berks county, Pa., recently offered some amendments to the bill, by which the following resolution:

Whereas it is reported that the cities of Boston and Pittsburgh have recently elected Democratic mayors; and whereas this is an indication on the part of the people of these cities of a spirit of disloyalty; therefore,

Resolved, That the select committee on reconstruction be directed to inquire whether the States in which these cities are located have republican forms of government, and whether they do not and reconstruct.

The resolution was objected to, and it went over. The radicals don't like to hear anything about the late elections.

The latest report about Grant's political status professes to come from his brother-in-law, Gen. Dent. He says Grant does not want to be either the Republican or Democratic candidate. That he would like to be elected by the people. That he does not wish to decide upon political questions until they come up, and that he will not consent to be tied up by party cords. The once great Republican party must be very willing to take counsel of its fear, if it could consent to take such a man for its candidate.

PROPOSED REMOVAL OF GEN. POPE.—It is currently reported that the President will shortly relieve General Pope of the command of the Third Military District, and assign General George G. Meade to that position. General Meade is now in Washington, and has recently had several interviews with the President. Pope's administration of affairs has given great dissatisfaction, and his removal seems to be determined upon by the President. Good.

THE VOTE ON THE IMPEDIMENT QUESTION.—Indicates that Congress is at length coming to its senses—that it has cut loose from the dictation of Thaddeus Stevens, and will no longer recognize him as its master. The result of the October and November elections has had a salutary effect, and after the elections of next year we predict it will show some sobered tone. The ballot box is yet a power for good in the land, when wielded by white men.

WITHIN THE YEAR the Democracy have gained the control of four of the principal cities of the Northern States—Boston, Baltimore, Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. With New York city added these constitute the five largest and most influential cities of the eastern section of the Union. The fact is significant.

THE RESULT OF THE WISCONSIN ELECTION, which has just been officially declared, shows a Republican majority of 4,764. Last year the Republican majority was 29,000. A gain of 19,145 in a single year shows how strongly the tide is running against Radicalism in the Northwest.

THE RADICAL OFFICIALS of the Freedmen's Bureau and the negroes have raised such a howl about the proposed discontinuance of the Bureau at the expiration of its term, that the Rump Radicals have concluded to fasten it upon the country as a permanent institution, placing the control of it in the hands of the "governors" who are to be "elected" by the dummies under the negro constitutions.

THE PHILADELPHIA EVENING BELL suggests the name of Dan Rice, as the Democratic nominee for the Presidency. Dan Rice in a century is about as much as the American people desire. Another such joker, and there is no telling where we will drift to.

ON THE SECOND DAY, Hon. George Sharps took his seat as a Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

ALABAMA CONSTITUTION.

The character of the Constitution recently made for Alabama by a mixed Convention of ignorant blacks and men whites may be inferred from the protest signed against it by fifteen of its more conservative members. They assumed that the action of the Convention is in opposition to the sentiment of the Northern people, as expressed in the recent elections, and that the Constitution adopted violates the conditions of the Republican party in Alabama, by transgressing the requirements of the reconstruction acts, and adding features of proscription and disfranchisement not authorized by these measures. They believe that the Northern people will not permit the power of their government to be directed to the abasement and degradation of the white people of the South; that they will not sentence the white race of the South to be the servants of their former slaves, even as punishment for rebellion. They argue that the civil liberty of the Northern people will be endangered by the continued exercise of a pro-consular rule, maintained by force over an impoverished and ruined people. The South admits the thoroughness of the conquest, but trusts to the majority of the conqueror, and appeals now to the tribunal of last resort—the people. The political power of the blacks is covered under the proposed system of suffrage, by political adventurers having no interest in common with the Southern people, as a weapon of offense to be wielded for the accomplishment of their selfish schemes of personal aggrandizement, and that race will really surrender itself to the arts and intrigues of designing persons, who flatter their vanity, and encourage their jealousy.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

The amendment to the bill of rights introduced by Mr. Ketter, that common carriers should make no distinction between citizens of the State, aroused considerable opposition, and threatening to produce a division of the Convention.

The colored delegates in the Convention moved as subversively at the back of their Radical advisers as ever the slaves did at the command of their masters.

A New House on the Ocean in the Senate—Common After Forestry.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Herald says:

I have telegraphed you two or three bits of information relative to a nice little rumor that is brewing in the Senate about the division of the leaves and fishes coming under the control of the Senatorial dignitaries. There seems to be very little excitement on the subject, but if people who profess to be initiated are to be believed there is a perfect tempest ahead—one that will blow reputations to pieces and shatter the well laid plans of the spokesmen to Missouri. According to the knowledge of our Secretary Forney and Sergeant-at-Arms Brown are destined to grief. Some of the noble Senators, it seems, have smelt out big things, and profess to believe that the administrations of their Secretary and Sergeant-at-Arms have not been in every particular what they should have been. Other Senators declare that this loud complaint is without foundation, and that the opposition to Forney and Brown is caused entirely by parties who seek to suppress this honorable dumprum in the enjoyment of the leaves and fishes. The result is that the noble Senators have lost their usual quietude of manner, and have become rather warm over the claims and charges. That this should be the case is not so very surprising, after all, when it is considered that the deposition or retention in office of Brown and Forney involves the control of a large amount of patronage, about which Senators, like ordinary mortals, seem not to be indifferent. Forney appears to have few friends, indeed, among the Senators. The complaint is that he does not attend to his duties; that he has not been liberal in his management of the patronage, having given most of the best positions to his own State. Senator Cameron is bitter in his pursuit of the Secretary, protesting that he will drive him from the Capitol if it takes six years to do it. Cameron has old an grudge, and keeps such things fresh in memory. Brown, on the other hand, appears to have few friends, indeed, among the Senators. The complaint is that he does not attend to his duties; that he has not been liberal in his management of the patronage, having given most of the best positions to his own State. Senator Cameron is bitter in his pursuit of the Secretary, protesting that he will drive him from the Capitol if it takes six years to do it. Cameron has old an grudge, and keeps such things fresh in memory.

Large Radish.—Mr. Jacob Althoff brought to our office, yesterday, a Radish measuring two feet and one inch in circumference. It would be difficult to find a larger one.

A "Gobduler."—It becomes our pleasant duty to acknowledge the present of a large and splendid turkey from the good wife of our friend John L. Jenkins, Esq., of Mountpleasant township. At any time acceptable, it is especially so now, with Christmas only a few days off. Mrs. Jenkins has the hearty thanks of the whole household for her kind consideration and generosity.

In Luck.—Gen. A. H. Glatz, Capt. M. Frey and John H. Heiland, of York county, recently returned from a hunting expedition in Virginia, with two hundred and fifty-seven partridges and ten pheasants, the proceeds of two and a half days' shooting.

The Snow.—The recent snow storm seems to have been very general, the snow blocking up the railroads throughout New England, New York and the Western States. As far south as Richmond snow fell to the depth of six inches.

Court.—In the case of Hannah Bowers, Administratrix against Jacob Stitzel, on trial in the Common Pleas at Gettysburg, a verdict of \$899.32 in favor of the plaintiffs.

Lectures.—A Course of Lectures, under the auspices of the Phrenokosmos and Philomathetic Societies of Pennsylvania, will be delivered in the College Church, during the next session, which will commence on the 15th of January. It is expected that several of the leading Lecturers of the country will be secured for the course. Particulars hereafter.

Property Sales.—Jacob Bucher has sold his farm, in Straban township, to Jesse Bollinger—175 acres, at \$39 per acre cash.

Rev. Dr. Schmuoker has sold to John L. Burns, 100 acres of land, on Seminary road, for \$1800.

Wm. H. Rupp has sold to James Wilson, for \$900, the house and lot on York street lately purchased by the former from Jesse M. Walter.

Returned.—Israel M. Diehl, son of Peter Diehl, Esq., of New Oxford, has returned from his visit to Asia Minor, and on the 9th inst., lectured before the Association for the advancement of Science and Art, at their annual meeting, in New York, describing the countries he had visited, their inhabitants, religion and customs.

Detected.—An attempt was made on evening last week by some villain to steal a horse from the stable of Charles Diehl, in New Oxford. He succeeded in getting a horse out of the stable, when he was observed by Mrs. Diehl, who gave an alarm, when he fled, leaving the horse in the barnyard.

"Gift Enterprise."—In the House, at Washington, yesterday week, Mr. Van Wyck, of New York, offered a resolution directing the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to inform the House whether the directors of the enterprise professing to be for the relief of wounded soldiers, and known as the Gettysburg Gift Enterprise, had paid the revenue license for lotteries.

Mr. Van Wyck denounced the scheme as one of the most atrocious swindles of the times. The resolution was adopted.

Christmas Goods.—Our merchants and business men generally have opened stocks of goods of various kinds, suitable for Christmas presents, and from the large display, there can be no difficulty in meeting the wants of all, whether in the line of Dry-Goods, Wearing Apparel, Jewelry, Books, Confectionery, Toys, and what not. Examine the advertisements in the COMPILER, and you will know where to get just what you want and at reasonable prices. Most classes of goods are now selling as cheaply as before the war.

Present.—On Wednesday morning the Students in the Preparatory Department of Pennsylvania College had a pleasant time in presenting their Instructor with testimonials of regard. Mr. Fisher, in the name of his class, presented Prof. Eberhart, the Principal, with a beautiful copy of the Bible, while Mr. Stahl presented Mr. Parsons, its Assistant, with an elegant copy of Milton, and Mr. Sewer presented Mr. Gilbert, its Assistant, with a gold Pen, Gilt and Case. The Junior class also, through Mr. Young, presented Mr. Parsons with a well-furnished rose-wood Writing Desk. The presentations were accompanied with appropriate speeches, which were responded to by the recipients, to whom the whole affair was a pleasant surprise.

New Buildings.—A. R. Felst is putting upon another dwelling house on Kennerly street.

Jacob Bollinger, Jr., has in course of erection a dwelling on the same street.

John Tawney has nearly completed a dwelling in West Middle street.

Frederick Ridgely, of the York street, with a view to building a house thereon before spring.

Mrs. Maria Wisotzky has about having a dwelling put up, on West High street, opposite the Fair Grounds.

John Rupp has contracted with Stallsmith & Son, for the erection, in the spring, of a new dwelling, on the site of his present residence, on South Baltimore street. It will be a two-story frame, ornamental and in cottage style, and will be quite an improvement to that portion of the town.

The Building Committee has contracted with William C. Stallsmith & Son, for the erection of two new professors' dwellings, on the College campus. They are to be built in cottage style, after plan prepared by Mr. Simons, of Harrisburg.

Dr. STRUVER, the Democratic mayor of York, has been elected a member of the antiquarian and historical society.

Local Department.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTRIES.

A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year!—to our old patrons! May the "old folks" enjoy the festive season without thought of care or sorrow—and may the stockings of the "little ones" be filled to the brim!

Franklin Township.—We are requested to state that this Company will meet for drill and parade in Middletown, on Saturday, the 28th inst., at 9 A. M. Every member will be expected to be present in full uniform.

Underwood's Hotel, in York, has been purchased by John M. Helges, at \$20,000. He will take possession on the first of April next.

Dead.—Upton Washbaugh, a well known citizen of Chambersburg, died at his residence in that place, on Friday morning last, after a lingering and painful illness.

Large Radish.—Mr. Jacob Althoff brought to our office, yesterday, a Radish measuring two feet and one inch in circumference. It would be difficult to find a larger one.

A "Gobduler."—It becomes our pleasant duty to acknowledge the present of a large and splendid turkey from the good wife of our friend John L. Jenkins, Esq., of Mountpleasant township. At any time acceptable, it is especially so now, with Christmas only a few days off. Mrs. Jenkins has the hearty thanks of the whole household for her kind consideration and generosity.

In Luck.—Gen. A. H. Glatz, Capt. M. Frey and John H. Heiland, of York county, recently returned from a hunting expedition in Virginia, with two hundred and fifty-seven partridges and ten pheasants, the proceeds of two and a half days' shooting.

The Snow.—The recent snow storm seems to have been very general, the snow blocking up the railroads throughout New England, New York and the Western States. As far south as Richmond snow fell to the depth of six inches.

Court.—In the case of Hannah Bowers, Administratrix against Jacob Stitzel, on trial in the Common Pleas at Gettysburg, a verdict of \$899.32 in favor of the plaintiffs.

Lectures.—A Course of Lectures, under the auspices of the Phrenokosmos and Philomathetic Societies of Pennsylvania, will be delivered in the College Church, during the next session, which will commence on the 15th of January. It is expected that several of the leading Lecturers of the country will be secured for the course. Particulars hereafter.

Property Sales.—Jacob Bucher has sold his farm, in Straban township, to Jesse Bollinger—175 acres, at \$39 per acre cash.

Rev. Dr. Schmuoker has sold to John L. Burns, 100 acres of land, on Seminary road, for \$1800.

Wm. H. Rupp has sold to James Wilson, for \$900, the house and lot on York street lately purchased by the former from Jesse M. Walter.

Returned.—Israel M. Diehl, son of Peter Diehl, Esq., of New Oxford, has returned from his visit to Asia Minor, and on the 9th inst., lectured before the Association for the advancement of Science and Art, at their annual meeting, in New York, describing the countries he had visited, their inhabitants, religion and customs.

Detected.—An attempt was made on evening last week by some villain to steal a horse from the stable of Charles Diehl, in New Oxford. He succeeded in getting a horse out of the stable, when he was observed by Mrs. Diehl, who gave an alarm, when he fled, leaving the horse in the barnyard.

"Gift Enterprise."—In the House, at Washington, yesterday week, Mr. Van Wyck, of New York, offered a resolution directing the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to inform the House whether the directors of the enterprise professing to be for the relief of wounded soldiers, and known as the Gettysburg Gift Enterprise, had paid the revenue license for lotteries.

Mr. Van Wyck denounced the scheme as one of the most atrocious swindles of the times. The resolution was adopted.

Christmas Goods.—Our merchants and business men generally have opened stocks of goods of various kinds, suitable for Christmas presents, and from the large display, there can be no difficulty in meeting the wants of all, whether in the line of Dry-Goods, Wearing Apparel, Jewelry, Books, Confectionery, Toys, and what not. Examine the advertisements in the COMPILER, and you will know where to get just what you want and at reasonable prices. Most classes of goods are now selling as cheaply as before the war.

Present.—On Wednesday morning the Students in the Preparatory Department of Pennsylvania College had a pleasant time in presenting their Instructor with testimonials of regard. Mr. Fisher, in the name of his class, presented Prof. Eberhart, the Principal, with a beautiful copy of the Bible, while Mr. Stahl presented Mr. Parsons, its Assistant, with an elegant copy of Milton, and Mr. Sewer presented Mr. Gilbert, its Assistant, with a gold Pen, Gilt and Case. The Junior class also, through Mr. Young, presented Mr. Parsons with a well-furnished rose-wood Writing Desk. The presentations were accompanied with appropriate speeches, which were responded to by the recipients, to whom the whole affair was a pleasant surprise.

New Buildings.—A. R. Felst is putting upon another dwelling house on Kennerly street.

Jacob Bollinger, Jr., has in course of erection a dwelling on the same street.

John Tawney has nearly completed a dwelling in West Middle street.

Frederick Ridgely, of the York street, with a view to building a house thereon before spring.

Mrs. Maria Wisotzky has about having a dwelling put up, on West High street, opposite the Fair Grounds.

John Rupp has contracted with Stallsmith & Son, for the erection, in the spring, of a new dwelling, on the site of his present residence, on South Baltimore street. It will be a two-story frame, ornamental and in cottage style, and will be quite an improvement to that portion of the town.

The Building Committee has contracted with William C. Stallsmith & Son, for the erection of two new professors' dwellings, on the College campus. They are to be built in cottage style, after plan prepared by Mr. Simons, of Harrisburg.

Dr. STRUVER, the Democratic mayor of York, has been elected a member of the antiquarian and historical society.

Teachers' Institute.—We have been furnished with a detailed and carefully prepared report of the proceedings of the Teachers' Institute, held in New Oxford, a few weeks ago, which we should have cheerfully published, had it reached us in due time. The material facts, however, have already appeared in the condensed reports published last week and the week before. We annex the Resolutions adopted by the Institute, viz:

1. That time has been given to the study of our County Institute, and we consider it to be an indispensable aid in securing the efficient working of our system of popular education.

2. That it is the duty of all teachers to avail themselves of the opportunity afforded by the annual meeting of teachers in convention; and the few who, without good cause, have failed to do so, have been faithless to the cause in which we are engaged.

3. That we tender our thanks to the directors of the Institute, and to the members of this convention; and sincerely regret that some have been so blinded as not to grant the time.

4. That we recognize in Mr. Shreeley, our efficient and worthy County Superintendent, an earnest co-laborer in the cause of education; and that the thanks of the Teachers of Adams county, and friends of education generally, are due him for the faithful manner in which he has discharged his laborious duties.

5. That we recommend to the Teachers and Directors of Adams county, Payson, Denton and Scribner's System of Pennsylvania.

6. That irregular attendance of pupils is one of the greatest evils in our schools.

7. That we earnestly call upon all Teachers, and friends of education in Adams county, to unite with us in our efforts to elevate the standard of teaching, and condition of our Common Schools.

A number of Resolutions of thanks were adopted by the Directors of Oxford district for the use of the School House; to the Trustees of the Lutheran Church for the use of the church; to the members of the Choir for music; to the citizens of New Oxford for their kindness and hospitality; to the landlords of the "Washington" and "Franklin Hotels," for entertaining teachers at reduced rates; to the Gettysburg and Littlestown Railroads for reduced fares; and to the officers of the Institute for the faithful discharge of their duties.

The following Districts granted to their Teachers permission to attend the sessions of the Institute, which ran through five days: viz.—Gettysburg, Hampton, Liberty, Freedom, Oxford, Berwick, Borough, Hamilton, Conowingo, Reading, Straban, Mountjoy, and Hamiltonban; Menallen and Berwick, each granted three days; Mountpleasant two days; Highland, one-half the time. The following Districts declined to grant the time, viz.—Cumberland, Franklin, Lancaster, Huntington, Tryone, Union, German, and Littlestown.

The importance of these annual meetings of Teachers, as efficient aids in the development and improvement of the Common School system, is beginning to be generally accepted. The law recognizes them, and we hope to see the time when Directors will not only grant the time, but require their Teachers to attend these Institutes, and when every Teacher will regard it his duty to be present.

Legacies and Distributive Shares.—The attention of Executors and Administrators is particularly directed to the following clause of the Internal Revenue Law:—"And every administrator, executor, or trustee, having in charge or trust any legacy, or distributive share, as aforesaid, shall give notice thereof in writing to the Assessor of the district where the deceased grantor or testator last resided, within thirty days after he shall have taken charge of such trust. And in case of wilful neglect, refusal, or false statement by such administrator, executor, or trustee, as aforesaid, he shall be liable to a penalty of not exceeding one thousand dollars, to be recovered with costs of suit." A strict compliance with the above clause of the law will save executors and administrators time and trouble.

Taken the Lead Again.—Row & Woods have again taken the lead in low prices. They are selling Best Calico at 12 cents per yard—other goods at like reduced rates. The place to buy cheap Goods is Row & Woods' Store, and no mistake about it.

One of the Fixed Institutions of Carlisle.—Wm. Blair & Son's Wholesale and Retail Grocery, Queensware, Glassware and Cedarware Store. Those wishing the very finest quality of Groceries and Wares, will be sure to find them at our Store, at lowest cash prices. Please call and see the largest stock of goods offered outside of the city.

It—Wm. Blair & Son.

Holiday Presents.—Do you want to select something acceptable as a Christmas Gift? Soper & McCarty have just the articles you want—Watches, Clocks, Gold Rings, Breast-Pins, Bracelets, Watch Chains, Ear Rings, and Jewelry of all kinds, specially adapted for Holiday Presents. Call at their establishment, in York street, opposite the Bank, and examine their large assortment. All goods warranted to be what they are represented.

Stores.—Stores.—At S. G. Cook's, York St., Gettysburg. Particular attention is called to Small & Snyder's Pennsylvania Cook, No. 5. The first place of this store takes in a piece of wood two feet long, which makes it the cheapest store in the market; its baking and heating qualities have been thoroughly tested, and never failed to give satisfaction. He has the exclusive sale in Gettysburg of this stove, and also of the Empire and Oriental self feeding Gas Burners, two of the best stoves in the market. They can be seen in operation at the Keystone House and Globe Inn.

Decided.—There seems to be no question but what Coc's Balsam is the best and best food preparation extant. In cases of Croup it is unfailing. Take it, and it will cure you. It is sure. It should find a home in every household. The proprietors assure us it needs but one trial to establish its merits.

An Eminent Divine says, "I have been using the Peruvian Syrup. It gives me new vigor, buoyancy of spirits, and elasticity of muscle." J. P. Diamond, 36 Duane Street, New York, will send free, a pamphlet of 32 pages, containing a full and complete description of the medicine, and any one sending him his or her address.

Native Wines.—Some time since we saw at Farnell's a very nice really superior to see the old store house there all filled with wine on storage.

The amount of Mr. Speer's stock of Port Wine, in the store, is almost fabulous. Four storehouses are filled and upon tiers of casks up and down stairs, every available space, leaving only little alleys ways through which to walk. It is an immense quantity of wine.

It is sold at a very low price, and is of four years, and the buildings, 12 and 4, are of the first, second, third and fourth year vintage. It is a very fine wine, and is sold at a very low price.

Two Thousand "Homes" has passed a bill giving negroes the right to hold of land, sit on juries, and do any and everything that sort.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

A DISBURTING SCENE.

Mr. Editor.—Being in town on Saturday last, I concluded to wait for the evening mail, which came in rather late. I walked up to the post-office, where, while waiting for the mail to be distributed, I witnessed a most disgraceful scene.

In front of the post-office were a couple of big black negroes, who had taken possession of the steps, whilst a score or so of white men and boys, and a few ladies, were compelled to stand on the sidewalks in the snow. Not only this, but the impudent, insolent "smokes" carried on a low, vulgar conversation in a very loud and boisterous manner, to the infinite disgust and annoyance of the "white trash" standing shivering in the cold. Time after time they struck violent blows against the door, threatening to burst it open, and all the while cursing and swearing at "such a post-office and such a postmaster."

It was indeed shocking to hear the oaths which these ignorant, degraded creatures uttered against our gentlemanly postmaster and his obliging clerk. As soon as the door opened these "American citizens of African descent" rushed in and called for "dare mail" before any "white trash" could get near. The "colored persuasion" are learning very rapidly under the teachings of Phillips, Sumner and Stevens, but if they imagine they have exclusive right to the U. S. post-office, and can insult and annoy respectable white people with impunity, they must be taught to the contrary at whatever cost.

I do not know, and have no desire to know the names of the sables in question. These are plain, unvarnished facts, and can be abundantly vouched for.

A COUNTRYMAN.

ONE WILSON.

We can hardly keep up with this Union Pacific Railroad. Three weeks ago we read of four hundred and some miles completed, then of five hundred, and now we are told that the line from the Rocky Mountains, 525 miles from Omaha, has been reached. But this is not all, even for this year. To the summit of the Black Hills (the easterly ridge of the

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

Heating, Music, Amusement, etc. by the authors, and industriously illustrated with engravings, full-size, useful and readable terms, Emphatically, most constant and valuable. The price is 10 cents, and containing literature.

For the present, economical household of taste can afford to wait until the 30th of May. Single copies, 30 cents; two copies, 50 cents; three copies, 75 cents; four copies, \$1.00; five copies, \$1.25; six copies, \$1.50; seven copies, \$1.75; eight copies, \$2.00; nine copies, \$2.25; ten copies, \$2.50; eleven copies, \$2.75; twelve copies, \$3.00; thirteen copies, \$3.25; fourteen copies, \$3.50; fifteen copies, \$3.75; sixteen copies, \$4.00; seventeen copies, \$4.25; eighteen copies, \$4.50; nineteen copies, \$4.75; twenty copies, \$5.00; twenty-one copies, \$5.25; twenty-two copies, \$5.50; twenty-three copies, \$5.75; twenty-four copies, \$6.00; twenty-five copies, \$6.25; twenty-six copies, \$6.50; twenty-seven copies, \$6.75; twenty-eight copies, \$7.00; twenty-nine copies, \$7.25; thirty copies, \$7.50; thirty-one copies, \$7.75; thirty-two copies, \$8.00; thirty-three copies, \$8.25; thirty-four copies, \$8.50; thirty-five copies, \$8.75; thirty-six copies, \$9.00; thirty-seven copies, \$9.25; thirty-eight copies, \$9.50; thirty-nine copies, \$9.75; forty copies, \$10.00; forty-one copies, \$10.25; forty-two copies, \$10.50; forty-three copies, \$10.75; forty-four copies, \$11.00; forty-five copies, \$11.25; forty-six copies, \$11.50; forty-seven copies, \$11.75; forty-eight copies, \$12.00; forty-nine copies, \$12.25; fifty copies, \$12.50; fifty-one copies, \$12.75; fifty-two copies, \$13.00; fifty-three copies, \$13.25; fifty-four copies, \$13.50; fifty-five copies, \$13.75; fifty-six copies, \$14.00; fifty-seven copies, \$14.25; fifty-eight copies, \$14.50; fifty-nine copies, \$14.75; sixty copies, \$15.00; sixty-one copies, \$15.25; sixty-two copies, \$15.50; sixty-three copies, \$15.75; sixty-four copies, \$16.00; sixty-five copies, \$16.25; sixty-six copies, \$16.50; sixty-seven copies, \$16.75; sixty-eight copies, \$17.00; sixty-nine copies, \$17.25; seventy copies, \$17.50; seventy-one copies, \$17.75; seventy-two copies, \$18.00; seventy-three copies, \$18.25; seventy-four copies, \$18.50; seventy-five copies, \$18.75; seventy-six copies, \$19.00; seventy-seven copies, \$19.25; seventy-eight copies, \$19.50; seventy-nine copies, \$19.75; eighty copies, \$20.00; eighty-one copies, \$20.25; eighty-two copies, \$20.50; eighty-three copies, \$20.75; eighty-four copies, \$21.00; eighty-five copies, \$21.25; eighty-six copies, \$21.50; eighty-seven copies, \$21.75; eighty-eight copies, \$22.00; eighty-nine copies, \$22.25; ninety copies, \$22.50; ninety-one copies, \$22.75; ninety-two copies, \$23.00; ninety-three copies, \$23.25; ninety-four copies, \$23.50; ninety-five copies, \$23.75; ninety-six copies, \$24.00; ninety-seven copies, \$24.25; ninety-eight copies, \$24.50; ninety-nine copies, \$24.75; one hundred copies, \$25.00; one hundred and one copies, \$25.25; one hundred and two copies, \$25.50; one hundred and three copies, \$25.75; one hundred and four copies, \$26.00; one hundred and five copies, \$26.25; one hundred and six copies, \$26.50; one hundred and seven copies, \$26.75; one hundred and eight copies, \$27.00; one hundred and nine copies, \$27.25; one hundred and ten copies, \$27.50; one hundred and eleven copies, \$27.75; one hundred and twelve copies, \$28.00; one hundred and thirteen copies, \$28.25; one hundred and fourteen copies, \$28.50; one hundred and fifteen copies, \$28.75; one hundred and sixteen copies, \$29.00; one hundred and seventeen copies, \$29.25; one hundred and eighteen copies, \$29.50; one hundred and nineteen copies, \$29.75; one hundred and twenty copies, \$30.00; one hundred and twenty-one copies, \$30.25; one hundred and twenty-two copies, \$30.50; one hundred and twenty-three copies, \$30.75; one hundred and twenty-four copies, \$31.00; one hundred and twenty-five copies, \$31.25; one hundred and twenty-six copies, \$31.50; one hundred and twenty-seven copies, \$31.75; one hundred and twenty-eight copies, \$32.00; one hundred and twenty-nine copies, \$32.25; one hundred and thirty copies, \$32.50; one hundred and thirty-one copies, \$32.75; one hundred and thirty-two copies, \$33.00; one hundred and thirty-three copies, \$33.25; one hundred and thirty-four copies, \$33.50; one hundred and thirty-five copies, \$33.75; one hundred and thirty-six copies, \$34.00; one hundred and thirty-seven copies, \$34.25; one hundred and thirty-eight copies, \$34.50; one hundred and thirty-nine copies, \$34.75; one hundred and forty copies, \$35.00; one hundred and forty-one copies, \$35.25; one hundred and forty-two copies, \$35.50; one hundred and forty-three copies, \$35.75; one hundred and forty-four copies, \$36.00; one hundred and forty-five copies, \$36.25; one hundred and forty-six copies, \$36.50; one hundred and forty-seven copies, \$36.75; one hundred and forty-eight copies, \$37.00; one hundred and forty-nine copies, \$37.25; one hundred and fifty copies, \$37.50; one hundred and fifty-one copies, \$37.75; one hundred and fifty-two copies, \$38.00; one hundred and fifty-three copies, \$38.25; one hundred and fifty-four copies, \$38.50; one hundred and fifty-five copies, \$38.75; one hundred and fifty-six copies, \$39.00; one hundred and fifty-seven copies, \$39.25; one hundred and fifty-eight copies, \$39.50; one hundred and fifty-nine copies, \$39.75; one hundred and sixty copies, \$40.00; one hundred and sixty-one copies, \$40.25; one hundred and sixty-two copies, \$40.50; one hundred and sixty-three copies, \$40.75; one hundred and sixty-four copies, \$41.00; one hundred and sixty-five copies, \$41.25; one hundred and sixty-six copies, \$41.50; one hundred and sixty-seven copies, \$41.75; one hundred and sixty-eight copies, \$42.00; one hundred and sixty-nine copies, \$42.25; one hundred and seventy copies, \$42.50; one hundred and seventy-one copies, \$42.75; one hundred and seventy-two copies, \$43.00; one hundred and seventy-three copies, \$43.25; one hundred and seventy-four copies, \$43.50; one hundred and seventy-five copies, \$43.75; one hundred and seventy-six copies, \$44.00; one hundred and seventy-seven copies, \$44.25; one hundred and seventy-eight copies, \$44.50; one hundred and seventy-nine copies, \$44.75; one hundred and eighty copies, \$45.00; one hundred and eighty-one copies, \$45.25; one hundred and eighty-two copies, \$45.50; one hundred and eighty-three copies, \$45.75; one hundred and eighty-four copies, \$46.00; one hundred and eighty-five copies, \$46.25; one hundred and eighty-six copies, \$46.50; one hundred and eighty-seven copies, \$46.75; one hundred and eighty-eight copies, \$47.00; one hundred and eighty-nine copies, \$47.25; one hundred and ninety copies, \$47.50; one hundred and ninety-one copies, \$47.75; one hundred and ninety-two copies, \$48.00; one hundred and ninety-three copies, \$48.25; one hundred and ninety-four copies, \$48.50; one hundred and ninety-five copies, \$48.75; one hundred and ninety-six copies, \$49.00; one hundred and ninety-seven copies, \$49.25; one hundred and ninety-eight copies, \$49.50; one hundred and ninety-nine copies, \$49.75; two hundred copies, \$50.00; two hundred and one copies, \$50.25; two hundred and two copies, \$50.50; two hundred and three copies, \$50.75; two hundred and four copies, \$51.00; two hundred and five copies, \$51.25; two hundred and six copies, \$51.50; two hundred and seven copies, \$51.75; two hundred and eight copies, \$52.00; two hundred and nine copies, \$52.25; two hundred and ten copies, \$52.50; two hundred and eleven copies, \$52.75; two hundred and twelve copies, \$53.00; two hundred and thirteen copies, \$53.25; two hundred and fourteen copies, \$53.50; two hundred and fifteen copies, \$53.75; two hundred and sixteen copies, \$54.00; two hundred and seventeen copies, \$54.25; two hundred and eighteen copies, \$54.50; two hundred and nineteen copies, \$54.75; two hundred and twenty copies, \$55.00; two hundred and twenty-one copies, \$55.25; two hundred and twenty-two copies, \$55.50; two hundred and twenty-three copies, \$55.75; two hundred and twenty-four copies, \$56.00; two hundred and twenty-five copies, \$56.25; two hundred and twenty-six copies, \$56.50; two hundred and twenty-seven copies, \$56.75; two hundred and twenty-eight copies, \$57.00; two hundred and twenty-nine copies, \$57.25; two hundred and thirty copies, \$57.50; two hundred and thirty-one copies, \$57.75; two hundred and thirty-two copies, \$58.00; two hundred and thirty-three copies, \$58.25; two hundred and thirty-four copies, \$58.50; two hundred and thirty-five copies, \$58.75; two hundred and thirty-six copies, \$59.00; two hundred and thirty-seven copies, \$59.25; two hundred and thirty-eight copies, \$59.50; two hundred and thirty-nine copies, \$59.75; two hundred and forty copies, \$60.00; two hundred and forty-one copies, \$60.25; two hundred and forty-two copies, \$60.50; two hundred and forty-three copies, \$60.75; two hundred and forty-four copies, \$61.00; two hundred and forty-five copies, \$61.25; two hundred and forty-six copies, \$61.50; two hundred and forty-seven copies, \$61.75; two hundred and forty-eight copies, \$62.00; two hundred and forty-nine copies, \$62.25; two hundred and fifty copies, \$62.50; two hundred and fifty-one copies, \$62.75; two hundred and fifty-two copies, \$63.00; two hundred and fifty-three copies, \$63.25; two hundred and fifty-four copies, \$63.50; two hundred and fifty-five copies, \$63.75; two hundred and fifty-six copies, \$64.00; two hundred and fifty-seven copies, \$64.25; two hundred and fifty-eight copies, \$64.50; two hundred and fifty-nine copies, \$64.75; two hundred and sixty copies, \$65.00; two hundred and sixty-one copies, \$65.25; two hundred and sixty-two copies, \$65.50; two hundred and sixty-three copies, \$65.75; two hundred and sixty-four copies, \$66.00; two hundred and sixty-five copies, \$66.25; two hundred and sixty-six copies, \$66.50; two hundred and sixty-seven copies, \$66.75; two hundred and sixty-eight copies, \$67.00; two hundred and sixty-nine copies, \$67.25; two hundred and seventy copies, \$67.50; two hundred and seventy-one copies, \$67.75; two hundred and seventy-two copies, \$68.00; two hundred and seventy-three copies, \$68.25; two hundred and seventy-four copies, \$68.50; two hundred and seventy-five copies, \$68.75; two hundred and seventy-six copies, \$69.00; two hundred and seventy-seven copies, \$69.25; two hundred and seventy-eight copies, \$69.50; two hundred and seventy-nine copies, \$69.75; two hundred and eighty copies, \$70.00; two hundred and eighty-one copies, \$70.25; two hundred and eighty-two copies, \$70.50; two hundred and eighty-three copies, \$70.75; two hundred and eighty-four copies, \$71.00; two hundred and eighty-five copies, \$71.25; two hundred and eighty-six copies, \$71.50; two hundred and eighty-seven copies, \$71.75; two hundred and eighty-eight copies, \$72.00; two hundred and eighty-nine copies, \$72.25; two hundred and ninety copies, \$72.50; two hundred and ninety-one copies, \$72.75; two hundred and ninety-two copies, \$73.00; two hundred and ninety-three copies, \$73.25; two hundred and ninety-four copies, \$73.50; two hundred and ninety-five copies, \$73.75; two hundred and ninety-six copies, \$74.00; two hundred and ninety-seven copies, \$74.25; two hundred and ninety-eight copies, \$74.50; two hundred and ninety-nine copies, \$74.75; three hundred copies, \$75.00; three hundred and one copies, \$75.25; three hundred and two copies, \$75.50; three hundred and three copies, \$75.75; three hundred and four copies, \$76.00; three hundred and five copies, \$76.25; three hundred and six copies, \$76.50; three hundred and seven copies, \$76.75; three hundred and eight copies, \$77.00; three hundred and nine copies, \$77.25; three hundred and ten copies, \$77.50; three hundred and eleven copies, \$77.75; three hundred and twelve copies, \$78.00; three hundred and thirteen copies, \$78.25; three hundred and fourteen copies, \$78.50; three hundred and fifteen copies, \$78.75; three hundred and sixteen copies, \$79.00; three hundred and seventeen copies, \$79.25; three hundred and eighteen copies, \$79.50; three hundred and nineteen copies, \$79.75

per of other desirable articles, given as premiums for the purchase of the new volume. The new Number commences a new volume.

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST
475 Broadway, New York
Nov. 22, 1892

**PAINTS FOR FARMERS
AND OTHERS.**

THE GRAFON Mineral Paints are now in
facturing the Best, Cheapest and most
durable Paint in the world. It is
white, does not bleed, and
will last 10 or 15 years
on a light brown or beautiful chocolate
color. It is made of pure
oil or cream to suit the taste of the consumer.
It is available for all purposes. Farmers, Car-
penters, Builders, Mill-men, and Wood-men,
Ship-builders, and all others, can get the
Grafon Paints, Grafon Mineral and Shingle
Paints, and all other articles, from the
Manufacturer having sent 5000 lbs. the
year, and are now in the market.
The Grafon Paints are made of
pure oil, and are of the
best quality, elasticity, and adhesive
power. 34 per lb., of 300 lbs., which will supply
the needs of the farmer, carpenter, mill-
man, and wood-man, and all other
businesses above. Send for a circular which will
give you all the details.

DANIEL BIDWELL
254 Pearl Street, New York

Sept. 6, 1887. 6m

Cemetery Removals.

BEING the Keeper, the undersigned is authorized to make removals from the City of New York, and he hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of opportunity to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared.

PETER THORNTON
Keeper of the Cemetery

March 12, 1880.

GO TO DUPHON & HOFFMAN'S, to get your Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, &c., at the northwest Corner of the Diamond, Newburgh, Pa.